



TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.

Brian K. Hornbeck

Deputy AD, Force Projection Technology

Office Phone: 586-574-5608

brian.hornbeck@us.army.mil

UNCLAS: DISTRIB A: Approved for public release

a. REPORT b. ABSTRACT c. THIS PAGE unclassified unclassified unclassified		OF ABSTRACT SAR	OF PAGES 14	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
15. SUBJECT TERMS 16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY	CATION OF:		17. LIMITATION	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF	
14. ABSTRACT						
			,			
13. SUPPLEMENTARY No Presented at NAT		g 29 JUN 2009, Fra	ance, The origina	al document (contains color images.	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAI Approved for pub	ILABILITY STATEMENT lic release, distribut	tion unlimited				
				11. SPONSOR/N NUMBER(S) 19969	MONITOR'S REPORT	
9. SPONSORING/MONITO	ORING AGENCY NAME(S)	AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSOR/M TACOM/T	MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) ARDEC	
	IIZATION NAME(S) AND A OM-TARDEC 6501	` /	ren, MI	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER 19968		
				5f. WORK UNIT	NUMBER	
Brian K. Hornbec	k			5e. TASK NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT N	UMBER	
2021 ed. 6.5 Meeti	ng Review.			5c. PROGRAM I	ELEMENT NUMBER	
-	y Load Classificatio	on (MLC) Analysis	for STANAG	5b. GRANT NUI	MBER	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE				5a. CONTRACT	NUMBER	
1. REPORT DATE 23 JUN 2009 2. REPORT TYPE N/A				3. DATES COVERED		
including suggestions for reducin	ould be aware that notwithstanding	quarters Services, Directorate for In	nformation Operations and Rep	oorts, 1215 Jefferson Da	of this collection of information, avis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington with a collection of information if it	

Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188





- Five different MLC procedures were analyzed:
 - Scale readings with MLC software.
 - Scale readings using STANAG factor.
 - Current expedient method using Data Plate information
 - Tire contact area with tire pressure (Gross Tire Area)
 - Tire contact area with tire pressure (Tire Tread Area)
- Data was collected from 5 common US Army vehicles.
 - CBT empty
 - M984A2 Wrecker
 - I MTV
 - MRAP MaxxPro
 - MRAP MaxxPro plus.
- Data was summarized and compared with additional information collected from all 287 military vehicles.



MLC Calculated from Scales and Software



- Data collected from scale in Fig.1 for each wheel.
- Applied in STANAG 2021 Reference software to determine the "True" MLC and create a control.

Table 1: Vehicle MLC's calculated from software

Vehicle	Control MLC
CBT empty	17
Wrecker	24
LMTV	9
MRAP Maxx Pro	18
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29



Figure 1: Scale Measurement



Control vs. MLC Calculated From Scales and STANAG Factor



- Data collected from scale in Fig.1 for each wheel.
- Applied the current STANAG factor of 1.15.

Table 2: Vehicle MLC's calculated from scales

Vehicle	Control MLC	Scaled MLC
CBT empty	17	21
Wrecker	24	31
LMTV	9	11
MRAP Maxx Pro	18	21
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29	28



Control vs. Data Plate Method



- Data Plate Method
 - Gross vehicle weight from data plate (tons) x 1.15

Table 3: Comparison of Control and Data Plate Method MLC's

Vehicle	Control MLC	Data Plate MLC
CBT empty	17	38
Wrecker	24	55
LMTV	9	14
MRAP Maxx Pro	18	25
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29	30



Control vs. Gross Tire Area



- Gross tire area Expedient Method:
 - Tire contact area was measured, shown in Fig 2.
 - Tire pressure was measured.
 - Wheel weights calculated:
 contact area (in²) x tire pressure (psi).
 - Expedient method was applied:
 Calculated Weight (tons) x 1.15



Figure 2: Tire Area Measurement

Table 4: Comparison of Control and Gross Tire Area MLC's

Vehicle	Control MLC	Gross Area MLC
CBT empty	17	49
Wrecker	24	76
LMTV	9	21
MRAP Maxx Pro	18	31
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29	50



Control vs. Tire Tread Area



- Tire Tread Area Expedient Method:
 - Tread pattern was copied onto graph paper to estimate area.
 - Wheel weights calculated:
 - Contact area (in²) x tire pressure (psi) x percent tire contact
 - Expedient method was applied: Calculated Weight (tons) x 1.15

Table 5: Comparison of Control and Tire Tread Area MLC's

Vehicle	Control MLC	Tire Tread Area MLC
CBT empty	17	23
Wrecker	24	36
LMTV	9	9
MRAP Maxx Pro	18	17
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29	27



Factors of Safety (F.S.) for All Experimental Methods using 1.15



Table 6: F.S. for Calculated MLC's Using the STANAG 1.15 Factor

Vehicle	Control MLC	Scaled Method	Data Plate Method	Gross Tire Area	Tire Tread Area
CBT empty	1.0	1.22	2.23	2.89	1.36
Wrecker	1.0	1.27	2.28	3.18	1.50
LMTV	1.0	1.19	1.51	2.28	1.05
MRAP Maxx Pro	1.0	1.18	1.39	1.71	0.96
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	1.0	0.95	1.02	1.73	0.94
Ave F.S.	1.0	1.16	1.68	2.36	1.16

[•]Numbers Greater than 1 indicate an Over-estimation

[•]F.S. = Experimental MLC / Control MLC



Average Factor of Safety for 287 Wheeled Military Vehicles



Model #

M123 6x6 towing 6k water M123 6x6 towing 6k water trailer M915 w/ XM 990 w XM21

Software

M985 M978

Buffalo Buffalo w/ Expedient Armo Husky w/ Expedient Armor JERRV w/ Expedient Armo RG-31 MK5 w/ Expedient Armor

000				
Calc		Calculated Factor		Calculated Factor
	Weight	MLC/ mass		
MLC	(tonnes)	(metric)	Weight (tons)	MLC/ mass (US)
17	7 20.06	0.86	22.11	0.78
38	43.81	0.87	48.29	0.79
17	20.07	0.86	22.12	0.78
28	3 27.95	1.01	30.81	0.92
2	5 25.32	0.98	27.91	0.89

_					
	30	25.40	1.17	28.00	1.07
or	38	30.84	1.24	34.00	1.12
r [10	9.98	0.96	11.00	0.87
or	23	21.59	1.04	23.80	0.95
	21	17.24	1.23	19.00	1.12

Average	1.04Average	0.94
0 -		

Calculation	ns of MLO	C using Factors a	nd comparin	g F.S.
Metric			US Cust	
MLC	F.S.		MLC	F.S.
20	1.14		20	1.14
43	1.12		43	1.13
20	1.14		20	1.14
27	0.97		27	0.97
25			25	1.00
	,			
25	0.83		25	0.84
30	0.79		30	0.79
10	1.03		10	1.03
21	0.94		21	0.94
17	0.79		17	0.79

	Factor	F.S	
Original	1.25	1.27	1
Option	1.04	1.06	3
Proposed	1.08	1.1	1
	0.98	-	1

Ave. F.S.: 1.00

Factor	F.S
1.15	1.29
0.94	1.05
0.98	1.1
0.89	1

Factor Selection:

0.98

0.89

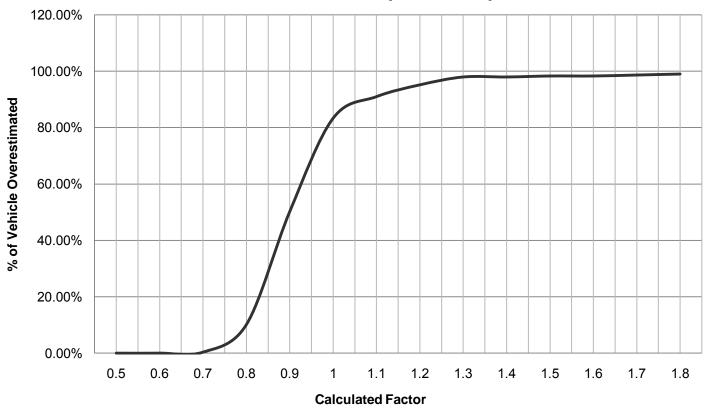
Ave. F.S.:



Data Comparison of 287 Wheeled Military Vehicles (US Tons)



% of Vehicle MLC's Overestimated vs. Calculated Factor (US Tons)



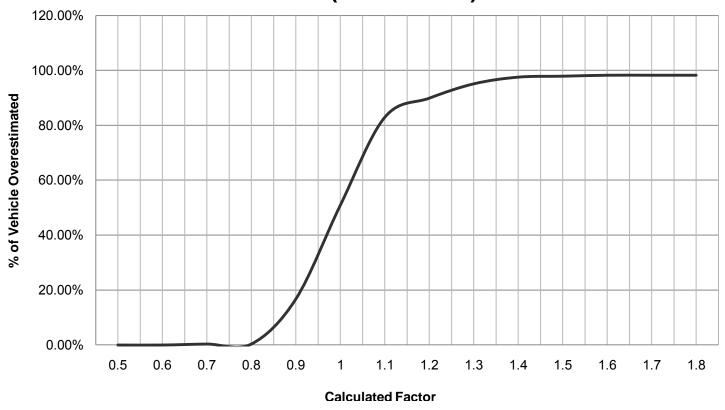
- Factor of 0.98 overestimates 80% of wheeled military vehicles with an average safety factor of 1.1
- Current factor of 1.15 overestimates 92% of wheeled military vehicles with an average safety factor of 1.29



Data Comparison of all Military Vehicles (Metric Tons)



% of Vehicle MLC's Overestimated vs. Calculated Factor (Metric Tons)



- Factor of 1.08 overestimates 80% of military vehicles with an average safety factor of 1.1
- Current factor of 1.25 overestimates 92% of military vehicles with an average safety factor of 1.27



MLCs for All Experimental Methods using 0.98



Table 7: MLCs Using the 0.98 Proposed Factor

Vehicle	Control MLC	Scaled Method MLC	Data Plate Method MLC	Gross Tire Area MLC	Tire Tread Area MLC
CBT empty	17	18	32	42	20
Wrecker	24	26	47	65	31
LMTV	9	9	12	17	8
MRAP Maxx Pro	18	18	21	26	15
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	29	24	25	43	23



F.S. for All Experimental Methods using 0.98



Table 8: F.S. for Calculated MLC's Using the 0.98 Proposed Factor

Vehicle	Control MLC	Scaled Method	Data Plate Method	Gross Tire Area	Tire Tread Area
CBT empty	1.0	1.04	1.9	2.46	1.16
Wrecker	1.0	1.08	1.94	2.71	1.27
LMTV	1.0	1.02	1.28	1.94	0.89
MRAP Maxx Pro	1.0	1.0	1.18	1.46	0.82
MRAP MaxxPro Plus	1.0	0.81	0.87	1.48	0.8
Ave F.S.	1.0	0.99	1.44	2.01	0.99

[•]Numbers Greater than 1 indicate an Over-estimation

[•]F.S. = Experimental MLC / Control MLC



Summary



- Current STANAG Factors (1.25 and 1.15) overestimate the MLCs for 92% of the US Army's laden wheeled vehicles
- Current STANAG Factors result in an average F.S. of 1.27 and 1.29 respectively for US Army's wheeled vehicles
- These F.S. are in addition to the bridge's design F.S. which is
 1.33 for mobile bridges and higher for civilian fixed bridges
- Proposed Factors of 1.08 and 0.98 overestimate 80% of the US Army's laden wheeled vehicles
- Both proposed metric and short ton Factors (1.08 and 0.98 respectively) results in an average F.S. of 1.1 for US Army's wheeled vehicles
- The experimental data showed the method of collection provides an additional F.S. thus supporting the reduction of the current STANAG Factors